

**RESIDENTIAL IMPROVEMENT GUIDELINES
AND SITE RESTRICTIONS FOR
SOLTERRA**

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1.

INTRODUCTION

1.1. Basis for Guidelines

These Residential Improvement Guidelines and Site Restrictions (the “Guidelines”) are intended to assist Owners living in the Solterra Community (the “Community”) in implementing landscaping and other Improvements to their property. The Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions for Solterra (the “Covenants”) require prior approval from the Design Review Board (the “DRB”), before the construction, installation, modification, renovation, demolition or removal of any Improvement upon any Lot. The Solterra Home Owners Association, Inc. (the “Association”), via resolution of the Board of Directors of the Association, has established an Architectural/Landscape Review Committee (the “A/LRC”), which has been empowered to receive, review and make recommendations to the DRB regarding architectural and landscaping requests received from Owners. In order to assist Owners, the DRB, with the review and recommendation of the A/LRC, desires to establish certain pre-approved designs for several types of Improvements and to exempt certain Improvements from the requirement for approval. This document contains the guidelines established by the DRB with respect to property subject to the Covenants.

Note that Owners may remodel, paint or redecorate the interior of structures on a Lot without the approval of the DRB. However, modifications to the interior of screened porches, patios and similar portions of a Lot visible from outside such structures shall be subject to such approval. Approval shall be required to repair or repaint the exterior of a structure that is not in accordance with the originally approved plans and color scheme.

1.2. Definitions

All capitalized words and phrases used in these Guidelines shall have the meaning provided in the Covenants unless otherwise defined herein.

1.3. Contents of Guidelines

In addition to the introductory material, these Guidelines contain (A) a summary of procedures for obtaining approval from the DRB (see Section 2); and (B) a listing of specific types of improvements that Owners might wish to make with specific information as to each of these types of improvements (see Section 3).

1.4. Architectural/Landscape Review Committee and Design Review Board

The A/LRC consists of persons, representatives or a committee appointed to review requests for approval of architectural or site changes and to make recommendations relative thereto to the DRB. The DRB has the final approval authority and shall consider and approve the recommendations from the A/LRC unless such recommendation from the A/LRC is clearly arbitrary and capricious or otherwise not in conformance with the standards established by the Covenants and these Guidelines.

1.5. A/LRC Contact Information

The contact information of the A/LRC, persons, committee or representative authorized to administer the architectural and landscaping review process is:

COMPANY NAME	OFFICE	E-MAIL
Overlook Property Management	6860 S. Yosemite Court, Suite 200, Centennial, CO 80112	support@overlookproperty.com

1.6. Effect of Covenants

The Covenants govern the Property within the Community. Each Owner should review and become familiar with the Covenants. Nothing in these Guidelines supersedes or alters the provisions or requirements of the Covenants and, if there is any conflict or inconsistency, the Covenants will control.

1.7. Effect of Governmental and Other Regulations

Use of property within the Community and any Improvements must comply with any applicable building codes and other governmental requirements and regulations. Owners are encouraged to contact the City of Lakewood and/or Jefferson County for further information and requirements for Improvements they wish to make.

Additionally, portions of the Community may be part of a sub association and subject to separate covenants or restrictions imposed by such a sub association. In addition to approval of any proposed Improvements by the DRB, approval of such Improvements may also be required by the architectural committee of any such sub association. The guidelines and criteria of any such sub association may be more restrictive than those of the Association, and it is the responsibility of each Owner to ensure that any proposed Improvements comply with any guidelines and criteria of any applicable sub association and to obtain any necessary approvals from the architectural committee of any such sub association.

APPROVAL BY THE DRB DOES NOT CONSTITUTE ASSURANCE THAT IMPROVEMENTS COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE GOVERNMENTAL REQUIREMENTS OR REGULATIONS OR THAT A PERMIT OR APPROVALS ARE NOT ALSO REQUIRED FROM APPLICABLE GOVERNMENTAL BODIES. APPROVAL BY THE DRB DOES NOT CONSTITUTE APPROVAL BY ANY SUB-ASSOCIATION WITHIN THE COMMUNITY.

1.8. Interference with Utilities

In making Improvements to property, Owners are responsible for locating all water, sewer, gas, electrical, cable television, or other utility lines or easements. Owners should not construct any Improvements over such easements without the consent of the utility involved, and Owners will be responsible for any damage to any utility lines. All underground utility lines and easements can be located by contacting:

**Utility Notification Center of Colorado
1-800-922-1987**

1.9. Goal of Guidelines

Compliance with these Guidelines and the provisions of the Covenants will help preserve the inherent architectural and aesthetic quality of the Community. Refer to the Elements of Solterra-Design Guidelines and Landscape Guidelines for the overall design elements of Solterra. It is the

responsibility of the A/LRC and the DRB to ensure that all proposed Improvements meet or exceed the requirements of these Guidelines and to promote the highest quality design for the neighborhood. It is important that Improvements to property be made in harmony with and not detrimental to the rest of the Community.

A spirit of cooperation with the A/LRC, the DRB and neighbors will go far in creating an optimum environment, which will benefit all Owners. By following these Guidelines and obtaining prior written approval for Improvements to property from the DRB, Owners will be protecting their financial investment and will help ensure that Improvements to property are compatible with standards established for the Community. If a question ever arises as to the correct interpretation of any terms, phrases or language contained in these Guidelines, the DRB's interpretation shall be final and binding.

1.10. Enforcement of Covenants and Design Guidelines

The DRB and the Solterra Home Owners Association (the "Association") shall have responsibility for the enforcement of the architectural and landscaping requirements of the Covenants and these Guidelines, as more fully provided in the Covenants. The Association, its agents, and the DRB will investigate written complaints concerning violations of the requirements/prohibitions of the Covenants or these Guidelines, if such complaints are signed and dated by the person making the complaint. The Association, its agents, and the DRB shall use all reasonable means to maintain the anonymity of complainants. If a violation is found as a result of a complaint or through its own inspections, the DRB shall notify the Owner whose property is in violation, in writing, requesting that appropriate action be taken to achieve compliance. If compliance is not achieved, the Association may take enforcement action (including assessing fines, fees, and penalties) in accordance with the Covenants and Association's compliance and fee policy then in effect. Specific duties and powers of the DRB and the Association are more fully set forth in the Covenants.

2.

PROCEDURES FOR ARCHITECTURAL APPROVAL

2.1. General

As indicated in Section 3, there are some cases in which advance written approval of the DRB is not required if the guidelines with respect to that specific type of Improvement are followed. In a few cases, as indicated in Section 3, a specific type of Improvement is not permitted under any circumstances. In all other cases, including Improvements not included in Section 3, advance, or prior written approval of the DRB is required before an Improvement to property is commenced.

2.2. Drawings or Plans

Owners are required to submit to the A/LRC plans and specifications showing the nature, kind, shape, color, size, materials and location, as applicable, of all proposed Improvements, alterations or removals of Improvements (the “Submittal”) for review and approval or disapproval prior to the commencement of construction, alteration or removal. Whether done by the Owner, or professionally, the following guidelines should be followed in preparing plans and specifications:

- A. The drawing or plan should be done to scale and shall depict the property lines of the Lot and the outside boundary lines of the home as located on the Lot. **A copy of an improvement survey of the Lot (Plat, plot, survey) obtained when it was purchased is also required for specific applications.** If you do not have the plat from your closing documents, you can contact Kara Mueller (City of Lakewood, Senior Planner) KarMue@lakewood.org. Refer to Section 3 for specific applications that do not require a plot survey. See EXHIBIT F for examples of the type of drawings and plans to be submitted.
- B. Existing Improvements, in addition to the home, should be shown on the drawing or plan and identified or labeled. Such existing Improvements include driveways, walks, decks, trees, shrubs, fences, etc.
- C. The proposed Improvements should be shown on the plan and labeled. Either on the plan or on an attachment, there should be a brief description of the proposed Improvement, including the dimensions of the proposed Improvement (width, depth and height), the materials to be used and the colors. Additional information required on the plans is detailed in Exhibit D.
- D. The plan or drawing and other materials should include the name of the Owner, the address of the home, the lot, block and filing number of the Lot, and the e-mail address and telephone number where the Owner can be reached. All documents need to be dated for initial issuance and any revisions.
- E. The proposed Improvements must take into consideration the easements, building location restrictions and sight distance limitations at intersections.
- F. Owners should be aware that many Improvements require a permit from the City of Lakewood. The A/LRC and/or the DRB reserves the right to require a copy of such permit as a condition of its approval.
- G. In some instances, elevation drawings of the proposed Improvement will be required. The elevation drawings should indicate the materials to be used and the applicable dimensions of the proposed Improvement.
- H. Photographs of existing conditions and of proposed materials and colors are encouraged to be included, and are helpful to convey the intended design, but should not be used solely to describe

the proposed changes. If the proposed Improvement is to be installed in the front or side yard, photographs and information regarding adjacent Lots will be required to understand how the proposed Improvement will impact the streetscape.

2.3. Submission of Drawings and Plans

All drawings, plans and documentation are to be submitted to Overlook Property Management. The Submittal may be done electronically. Color photographs, brochures, paint swatches, etc. will help expedite the approval process. Specific dimensions and locations are required.

Per the Covenants, the DRB may establish and charge reasonable fees for review of Submittals and may require such fees be paid in full prior to review of any Submittal. Such fees may include the reasonable costs incurred by the DRB in having any Submittal reviewed by architects, engineers, or other professionals, and may vary between Lots and types of Lots. The fees will be listed on the Submittal form provided by the DRB for submission of Submittals.

2.4. Action by the A/LRC and the DRB

The HOA property management company will review the submittal to ensure the application is complete. If the required documents are missing, the process will stop until the required documents are submitted.

The Architectural/Landscape Review Committee (A/LRC) and the DRB landscape consultant will review all the submitted documents within 10 days. If the information is not complete, or clarification is necessary, the homeowner will be requested to provide additional or missing information before the application is forwarded to the DRB. The A/LRC may require submission of additional information or material, and the Submittal shall not be deemed complete until all required information and materials have been submitted to the A/LRC.

In reviewing each Submittal, the A/LRC shall consider these Guidelines and may consider the quality of materials and design, harmony of external design with existing structures, and location in relation to surrounding structures, topography and finish grade elevation, among other things. Recommendations of the A/LRC may be based on purely aesthetic considerations, and compliance with these Guidelines does not guarantee approval of any Submittal.

If all the information is complete, the design request will be forwarded to the DRB with the A/LRC comments. If the requested information or clarification is not submitted by the applicant before the design request is forwarded to the DRB, the DRB will take no action until the submittal is complete.

The DRB has 45 days to review the request and consider the comments from the committee. The DRB will notify the homeowner in writing of their decision. If the DRB fails to review and approve in writing (which may be with conditions and/or requirements), or disapprove, a request for architectural approval within forty-five (45) days after the A/LRC provides the applicant with notice of its receipt of a complete Submission, such request is deemed denied by the DRB. The decision of the DRB in relation to any architectural or landscaping request shall be final.

If the application is rejected and the modification is started, the HOA has the right to levy fines for no approval.

The DRB has the final approval authority and shall consider and approve the recommendations from the A/LRC unless such recommendation from the A/LRC is clearly arbitrary and capricious or

otherwise not in conformance with the standards established by the Declaration and these Guidelines.

2.5. Revisions and Additions to Approved Plans

Any revisions and/or additions to approved plans made by the Owner or as required by any governmental agency, must be re-submitted for review by the A/LRC and approval by the DRB. The revised plans must follow the requirements as outlined above.

2.6. Completion of Work

Unless otherwise specified in writing by the DRB, any approval granted by the DRB shall be deemed conditioned upon completion of all elements of the approved work and all work previously approved with respect to the same Lot, unless approval to modify any application has been obtained. All improvements approved by the DRB must be commenced within three (3) months from the date of approval. If not commenced within such time, then such approval shall be deemed revoked by the DRB, unless the DRB gives a written extension for commencing the work.

Additionally, except with written DRB approval otherwise, and except for delays caused by strikes, fires, national emergencies, critical materials shortages or other intervening forces beyond the control of the Owner, all work approved by the DRB shall be completed **within six (6) months of commencement**, or within such time as otherwise specified in the approval from the DRB. If any person fails to commence and diligently pursue completion of all approved work as set forth above, the Association, acting through its Board of Directors, shall be authorized to enter upon the Lot and remove or complete any incomplete work and to assess all costs incurred against the Lot and the Owner thereof as a Specific Assessment.

2.7. Inspection of Work

The DRB, or its duly authorized representative, including the A/LRC, shall have the right, after reasonable notice to the Owner or occupants of the Lot and during regular business hours, to inspect any Improvement, including prior to or after completion, in order to determine whether or not the proposed Improvement is being completed or has been completed in compliance with the approval granted by the DRB. Owners shall notify the management company when modifications have been completed to schedule an inspection by the DRB or expect an inspection after the stipulated deadline for completion.

2.8. Notice of Noncompliance

Any Improvement constructed, installed, modified, or renovated in violation of Article XI of the Covenants shall be deemed to be nonconforming. Upon written request from the DRB, the Owner of the Lot on which such Improvement is located shall, at such Owner's own cost and expense, remove such Improvement and restore the Lot to substantially the same condition as existed prior to the nonconforming work, or, if applicable, cure such nonconformance by bringing the Improvement into compliance with the requirements of the DRB. Should an Owner fail to remove and restore or cure as required, the Association, acting through its Board of Directors, shall have the right to enter the Lot, remove the nonconforming Improvements, and restore the Lot to substantially the same condition as previously existed. All costs of any such entry, removal and restoration, together with interest at the maximum rate then allowed by law, may be assessed

against the subject Lot and collected as a Specific Assessment.

2.9. Amendment

These Guidelines may at any time, from time to time, be added to, deleted from, repealed, amended, and modified, reenacted, or otherwise changed by the DRB.

2.10. Questions

If you have any questions about the foregoing procedures, feel free to contact the A/LRC at the e-mail and address listed in the Section 1.5 of these Guidelines.

3. SPECIFIC TYPES OF IMPROVEMENTS / SITE RESTRICTIONS

3.1. General

A/LRC review and DRB approval are required for the majority of exterior modifications. The following is an alphabetical, but not comprehensive, list of many exterior modifications that Owners typically consider making with pertinent information about each. If the modification/change is not listed, please contact Overlook Property Management at support@overlookproperty.com. Unless otherwise stipulated, drawings or plans for a proposed modification must be submitted to the A/LRC and receive written approval of the DRB before the modifications are made. In some cases where it is specifically noted, an Owner may proceed with the modification without DRB approval if the Owner follows the stated guideline. The list of modifications below also includes some types of modifications that are prohibited.

A. Variances

Approval of any proposed plans by the granting of a variance from compliance with any of the provisions of these Guidelines is at the sole discretion of the DRB when circumstances such as topography, natural obstructions, hardship, aesthetic or environmental considerations may require.

B. No Unsightliness

All unsightly conditions, structures, facilities, equipment, and objects, including snow removal equipment and garden or maintenance equipment, when not in actual use, must be enclosed within an approved structure.

C. Waivers; No Precedent

The approval or consent of the DRB to any application for approval shall not be deemed to constitute a waiver of any right to withhold or deny approval or consent as to any application or other matters whatsoever, as to which approval or consent may subsequently or additionally be required. Nor shall any such approval or consent be deemed to constitute a precedent in any other matter.

D. Liability

Neither the A/LRC, the DRB, nor the members thereof, shall be liable in damages to any person submitting requests for approval or to any approval, or failure to approve or disapprove in regard to any matter within its jurisdiction. Neither the A/LRC nor the DRB, nor the members thereof, shall bear any responsibility for ensuring structural integrity or soundness of approved construction or modifications, or for ensuring compliance with building codes and other governmental requirements. Neither the A/LRC nor the DRB will make any investigation into title, ownership, easements, rights-of-way, or other rights appurtenant to property with respect to architectural requests and shall not be liable for any disputes relating to the same.

3.2. Accessory Buildings

Free standing accessory buildings are prohibited

3.3. Arbor (Application fee required)

Approval is required for the installation of an arbor. Wooden arbors must be painted or stained in colors that complement the residence. Metal arbors must be similar in style to the fences in

Solterra and installed securely in the ground to avoid displacement. Professionally constructed plans, a photograph, or catalog picture of the proposed arbor must be submitted in the application to avoid a delay in the approval process. The inside height of a proposed arbor must not exceed 8 feet 6 inches. Refer to Exhibit A for the definition and photo example.

3.4. Architectural Changes, Additions and Expansions

Approval is required. Architectural changes, new door or window openings, additions or expansions must be constructed of wood, stucco, glass, brick, stone, or other material as used in the existing construction of the exterior of the home. The design must be the same or generally recognized as a complementary architectural style, meet all Solterra design guidelines and covenants, and be the same color as the residence. The change must also meet the City of Lakewood codes as may be applicable. Significant architectural/structural changes may require review by a licensed architect.

3.5. Address Numbers (Plat/Survey is not required for submission)

Approval is required to replace, alter or relocate existing address numbers, unless the address numbers are replaced using the same style and type of number currently on the residence.

3.6. Air Conditioning Equipment

Approval is required for all air conditioning equipment including evaporative coolers (swamp coolers) and attic ventilators installed after the initial construction.

Approval is not required for replacement of existing air conditioning equipment with like equipment; otherwise, approval is required.

No heating, air conditioning, air movement (e.g., swamp coolers) or refrigeration equipment shall be extended from windows. Ground mounted or exterior wall air conditioning equipment installed in the side yard must be installed in a manner so as to minimize visibility from the street and minimize any noise to adjacent property Owners.

3.7. Antennae/Satellite Dishes

"Permitted Antennas" are those types of antennas and satellite dishes covered by the Federal Communication Commission's Over-the-Air Reception Devised Rule ("OTARD Rule"), as may be amended from time to time. Installation of Permitted Antennas shall not require the approval of the DRB.

A. All Permitted Antennas shall be installed with emphasis on being as unobtrusive as possible to the Community. To the extent that reception is not substantially degraded or costs unreasonably increased, all Permitted Antennas shall be screened from view from any street and nearby lots to the maximum extent possible, and placement shall be made in the following order of preference:

1. Inside the structure of the house, not visible from the street
2. Rear yard or side yard, behind and below the fence line
3. Rear yard or side yard, mounted on the house, in the least visible location below roofline
4. Side yard in front of wing fence, screened by and integrated into landscaping
5. Back rooftop
6. Front yard screened by and integrated into landscaping.

If more than one (1) location on the Lot allows for adequate reception without imposing unreasonable expense or delay, the order of preference described above shall be used, and the least visible site shall be selected.

Permitted Antennas shall not encroach upon common areas or any other Owner's property.

B. Installation

- All installations must comply with all applicable building codes and other governmental regulations and must be secured so they do not jeopardize the safety of residents or cause damage to adjacent properties. Any installation must strictly comply with FCC guidelines.
- All Permitted Antennas shall be no larger, nor installed more visibly, than is necessary for reception of an acceptable signal.
- Owners are responsible for all costs associated with the Permitted Antenna, including but not limited to costs to install, replace, repair, maintain, relocate, or remove the Permitted Antenna.
- All cabling must be run internally when feasible, must be securely attached, and must be as inconspicuous as possible. Permitted Antennas, masts and any visible wiring may be required to be painted to match the color of the structure to which they are attached. The Owner should check with the installer/vendor for the appropriate type of paint.
- All other antennas, not addressed above, are prohibited.

3.8. Awnings, Sail Cloths, Solar/Sunshades (Plat/Survey is not required for submission)

Approval is required for all shading devices whether remote-controlled or hand operated. All shading devices must be a solid earth tone color, complement the exterior of the residence, and be maintained in good working and esthetic condition.

Awnings must be attached below the eaves of the home and not extend beyond the patio, porch or deck. Sail cloth awnings must be attached to exterior walls or permanently mounted poles. Solar shades or sunscreen panels must be attached to permanent portions of the home (i.e., patio, deck, pergola, etc.).

To avoid delays in the approval process, applications should include dimensions, color selection, and diagram or photo of the home with the location of the installation indicated on it .

3.9. Built-in Barbecue/Gas Grills/Outdoor Kitchens (Application fee required)

Approval is required for all built-in barbecue grills or outdoor kitchens. Built-in barbecue grills or outdoor kitchens must be an integral part of the deck or patio area and of the rear yard landscaping.

Approval is not required for portable barbecue gas grills. All barbecue grills, smokers, etc. must be stored in the rear yard or within an approved structure, not visible from the front of the home.

3.10. Basketball Backboards

Permanently installed basketball hoops, and basketball backboards attached to the house above the garage door, require an application and approval from the DRB. Approval is not required for portable basketball backboards, subject to the following limitations.

- A. Portable units cannot be placed in the public rights of way, streets, sidewalks or street lawns.

- B. Location must be in the driveway, at least half of the length of the driveway away from the street, or in the side or rear yard.
- C. Portable basketball backboards may be left out when not in use only if the backboard, hoop, and net are in good repair. Portable basketball backboards that are not in good repair, including the hoop and net, must be stored out of sight when not in use and may not be left out for more than 24 hours.

3.11. Carports

Carports are prohibited.

3.12. Clothes Lines and Hangers

Clotheslines and hangars are prohibited, except within an enclosed structure.

3.13. Compost

Compost containers must be placed in the rear yard, not visible from the street. It is recommended that they be screened with plantings to make them unobtrusive.

3.14. Decks (Application fee required)

Approval is required. The deck must be constructed of wood or composite type decking products and approved by the DRB. The appropriate City of Lakewood permits are also required. The deck should be located in the rear yard so as not to create an unreasonable level of noise for adjacent property Owners. Construction shall not occur over easements and must be set back a minimum of ten (10) feet from the rear property line. Construction of decks over a sloped area is discouraged.

An exception to the policy for decks in the side yard, with the same size limitations may be granted for homes on corner lots or with no rear yard.

The decking material must be of a color that matches or complements one of the exterior paint colors or the masonry on the home. Decks may be finished with clear semi-transparent sealer, stained to match a Cedar tone, an oil-based wood finish or a similar product that matches. The deck may also be painted to match the body or trim color of the home. Owners are reminded that as with wood, some types of “maintenance free” decking products may also require periodic maintenance for proper care and to retain the product’s aesthetic conformity, including but not limited to, fading, warping, etc.

All deck columns shall be integrated into the architectural style/character of the home. Covered decks shall be compatible with the architectural style of the home through roof form integration, column design, and railing details. Supporting posts and columns associated with all covered decks or those more than thirty (30) inches above grade shall be a minimum finished dimension of eight (8) inches by eight (8) inches. When possible, matching the column style present on the front of the home is preferred.

Decking that is less than thirty (30) inches above grade of the Lot may utilize a lattice skirting provided the skirting is made of material compatible with the materials of the deck, with a minimum one-half (½) inch thick boards and stained or painted to match the remaining portions of the deck. Construction shall not occur over easements and must be set back a minimum of ten (10) feet from the property line. Construction of decks over a sloped area is discouraged

3.15. Dog Houses

Approval is required.

3.16. Dog Runs

Approval is required. Dog runs must be located in the rear yard, abutting the home and substantially screened from view by planting fast-growing trees or shrubs. Dog runs will be limited to two hundred (200) square feet, unless a variance is granted by the DRB. Dog run fences should be compatible with other fencing on the Lot and in the community. Covers (ex: tarps, sheets, blankets, etc.) on dog runs are not allowed. An exception to the policy for dog runs in the side yard, with the same size limitations may be granted for homes with no rear yard.

3.17. Doors (Entrance, Storm, Garage and Patio Gates) (Plat/Survey is not required for submission)

Approval is not required for replacing an existing entrance door to a home if the same building materials and colors are used. Any modification to door material, character or color requires approval from the DRB.

Approval is required for all storm doors, security doors, and patio gates. Storm doors must complement the color of the front door. The Patio gates must match the style and color of that used for fences.

Approval is not required for replacing an existing garage door if the same building materials, features, style, and colors are used. Any modification of the door material, features (to include addition or deletion of windows), style, or color requires the submission of an application and approval from the DRB.

3.18. Drainage (Application fee required)

The Covenants prohibit the alteration of the grading on any Lot without the approval of the DRB. When installing your landscaping, it is very important to ensure that water drains away from the foundation of the house and that the flow patterns prevent water from flowing under or against the house foundation, walkways, sidewalks, and driveways into the street. Landscaping and all drainage from downspouts off the house should conform to the established drainage pattern. Sump pump drainage should be vented a reasonable distance from the property line, on the Owner's property, to allow for absorption. Adverse effects to adjacent properties, including District lands, sidewalks and streets, will not be tolerated. If an Owner's Submittal includes or will result in a change in the grading on the Lot, the Submittal shall include a letter or report from a licensed engineer certifying that such change in grade will not alter the established drainage pattern on the Lot. Any Owner who changes the established drainage on his or her Lot may void warranties applicable to affected components of the home and shall be liable for all costs and expenses of repairing such changes, or any costs, liabilities, damages or causes of action arising out of such changes. Each Owner shall hold harmless the Association, the Board of Directors of the Association, the DRB and its members, and the A/LRC and its members, for any and all damage to any party caused by any change to the established drainage on the Owner's Lot.

3.19. Driveways (Application fee required)

Approval is required for any changes or alterations to driveways. This includes construction of a pull-off area to the side of the driveway and/or driveway extensions. Owners will be required to maintain the driveways against oil spills, spalling/peeling and degradation. Revitalization/replacement of damaged driveways with the same material does not require a fee.

3.20. Fences

A. General Statement

Fences constructed by the Declarant, a Builder, and/or the Districts along or abutting property lines, arterial streets, collector streets, and local streets may not be removed, replaced, painted a different color or altered, including, adding a gate, without approval of the DRB. Refer to 3.41 for Railing information.

1. If any such fences constructed by the Declarant, a Builder and/or the Districts which are located upon an Owner's property are damaged or destroyed, the Owner shall repair or recondition the same at the Owner's expense.
2. Some fences may be located upon property owned by the Districts and, if so, the approval of the Districts shall also be obtained before any such fence is removed, replaced, painted, or altered.
3. Non-living privacy fences are not allowed except for screening hot tubs. Trellises or lattices with living plants adjacent to them, decorative open metal privacy panels, shrubs, or trees are acceptable alternatives for privacy screening. Refer to section 3.45 for additional information on privacy screening alternatives. For privacy screening around hot tubs, please refer to section 3.26.
4. Gates accessing property owned by the Districts are prohibited.

B. Fence Designs

Approval is required for any fencing not constructed by the Declarant, a Builder, and/or the Districts. All shall be in compliance with the guidelines set forth in **Exhibit B**, with a limitation of 6 feet in height. Most owner fencing is 4 feet in height which should be considered when adding or replacing fencing.

C. Maintenance

All fences constructed on a Lot shall be maintained, repaired and replaced by the Owner of such Lot. Regular physical and aesthetic maintenance of fencing is required.

D. Additional Fence Requirements

1. No electric fences are permitted (other than pet containment fencing installed below grade).
2. It is important to remember that certain drainage patterns may exist along, or under, proposed fence locations. When constructing a fence, be sure to provide for adequate space between the fence and the ground to accommodate these drainage patterns.
3. When making a submittal for fencing, include the style and height of the fence, color, and all other descriptive details, as well as an elevation drawing with dimensions of the fence and a plot plan with the location of the fence clearly marked.
4. Rodent ingress protection may be added to fences as long if the top edge of the same aligns with one of the horizontal rails of the fence and is black or silver in color, such as silver chicken wire or black plastic mesh material.
5. DRB Approval is required for all gates adjacent to common area property. No hardscape items (i.e., paving stones, landscaping rocks, gravel, etc.) may be installed beyond the homeowner's property

E. Pet Fencing

Pet fencing may include any invisible fence on or within the perimeter boundary of an Owner's site per the above fencing standards. Invisible fencing does not require approval.

3.21. Fire Pits (Application fee required)

No more than one fire pit shall be allowed on each Lot, and any such fire pit must be gas operated.

3.22. Flags/Flagpoles

Flags and flagpoles may be only placed in the front of the residence, either mounted on the residence or free-standing on the property lot. The maximum height of a free-standing flagpole may not exceed the front roof peak

Flags may be no larger than 3 feet wide and 5 feet long. If the United States of America flag is flown or displayed, it must follow the U.S. Flag Code and the Colorado Statutes.

The number of permissible flags is limited by the width of the front lot line and the length of the flag. This can be calculated by dividing the width in feet of the property by two times the length in feet of the flag. [EXAMPLE: Front lot = 60 feet wide and flag = 5 feet long; 60 divided by (2x5) equals 6. Six (6) flags are permitted in the front yard.

3.23. Gardens – Flower or Vegetable

For flower gardens, DRB approval is not required for one flower garden of no more than 100 square feet located in the front yard and one flower garden of no more than 100 square feet located in the rear yard. Any additional or larger flower gardens must be approved by the DRB. All flower gardens must be weeded, cared and carefully maintained. Flowers should not exceed three (3) feet in height unless approved by the DRB.

For vegetable gardens, DRB approval is not required for one vegetable garden of no more than 100 square feet in the rear yard and if plants in the garden do not exceed six (6) feet in height, unless approved by the DRB. Additional vegetable gardens in the rear yard or vegetable gardens in the side yard must be approved by the DRB. No vegetable gardens shall be permitted in the front yard.

3.24. Greenhouses

Greenhouses are prohibited.

3.25. Holiday Decorations

Approval is not required if installed on a lot within thirty (30) days of a holiday event, provided that an Owner is keeping with the Community standards, and provided that the decorations are removed within thirty (30) days of the holiday. See also Section 3.30, Lights and Lighting.

3.26. Hot Tubs and Jacuzzis (Application fee required)

Approval and screening is required. Hot tubs and Jacuzzis must be an integral part of the deck or patio area and be installed in such a way that it is not immediately visible to adjacent property Owners and public areas. Use of the hot tub and Jacuzzi must not create an unreasonable level of noise for adjacent property Owners. Non vegetative screening, no higher than six feet, may be used around the hot tub and should complement the house or deck architecture and material. In some instances, additional plant material, around the hot tub, may be required for screening to soften the look of hard surfaces. **Hot tubs and Jacuzzis must be installed in the rear of the property.** An exception to the policy for hot tubs in the side yard, with the same size limitations

may be granted for homes with no rear yard.

Prefabricated hot tub enclosures will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis and may require additional plant material screening.

3.27. Irrigation Systems

Approval is not required for underground automatic irrigation systems. Such systems may require approval through the City or the County. All Lots must have an underground automatic irrigation system installed with the landscape. All irrigation systems should be designed by a landscape architect, designer or irrigation specialist to ensure water management and plant growth. The irrigation system must be designed so that water does not cross property lines and the irrigation system must be in complete compliance with the individual home's soil report recommendations, specifically with regard to the no-irrigation zone at the edge of the home's building foundation. All irrigation systems shall comply with any applicable City or County codes.

3.28. Kennels

Kennels are prohibited. Breeding or maintaining animals for a commercial purpose is prohibited.

3.29. Landscaping (Application fee required)

Approval is required. All Owners must comply with any applicable landscaping requirements of the City or County (Refer to Exhibit E). A drawing or plan should be done to scale and shall depict the property lines of the Lot and the outside boundary lines of the home as located on the Lot. All organic materials (plants, shrubs, trees, etc.), building materials (stone, wood, edging, etc.), must be clearly labeled in detail. **A copy of the improvement survey of the Lot (Plat, plot, survey) obtained when it was purchased is required. Refer to Section 2.2 for complete details of required documents.**

The Lot landscaping should be designed to create a coherent environment which complements the overall Community. Plant material should relate to the scale and character used in the Community landscape areas and to the Lot improvements. Particular attention should be paid to the functional aspects of planting design. Consideration should be given to the use of plants for screening, space definition, erosion control, glare reduction, dust control, and aesthetics. The use of drought tolerant plants is highly encouraged, so that plant materials, irrigation systems and maintenance practices conserve water, wherever possible.

Landscaping must consist of trees, shrubs, ornamental grasses, ground covers, annual and perennial flowers, turf grasses, mulches and automatic irrigation. The approved rock mulch is either 1 ½" brown, tan, or gray river rock or 1 ½" brown, tan, or gray rock. Natural cobblestone, up to 4" to 6" stones are allowed in drainage areas.

Refer to the **City of Lakewood and Solterra ODP Requirements for Solterra Landscaping**, attached hereto as Exhibit E, and the **Elements of Solterra: Landscape Design Guidelines**, attached hereto as Exhibit C, for further information.

Replacing landscape items that includes trees, shrubs or plants that are dead, dying or missing, or adding plants for screening between properties does not require approval. Replacing a street/tree lawn of a different species requires approval of the DRB and the City of Lakewood.

A. Landscape Installation Schedule

Initial landscaping of all yards shall be installed within nine months after the recording of

the deed conveying a Lot to an Owner other than a Builder. Extensions may be granted by the DRB upon receipt of a request by an Owner (specifications will need to be provided as to why an extension is being requested).

The Owner shall install trees and thereafter maintain landscaping on the residential Lot and on the area between the sidewalk and curb of the street, also known as the “Street/Tree Lawn Area”.

B. Landscape Maintenance

Each Owner of each Lot shall maintain all landscaping on such Owner's Lot in a neat and attractive condition, including periodic and horticulturally correct pruning, removal of weeds and debris, and replacement of landscaping. This applies to the front, back, and side yards, as well as the street/tree lawn area.

C. Artificial Turf (Application fee required)

Artificial turf may be considered in rear yards but may not be in areas visible from public streets. If the home has no rear yard, the DRB may approve artificial turf in the side yard. The total artificial turf area, regardless of height, may not exceed the Solterra West Official Development Plan (ODP), or the Springfield Green ODP, requirement that a minimum of 50% of the permeable lot surface area must be living ground cover.

Because the design intent for artificial turf is to emulate natural grass, the color must be a blended, multi-color in green tones monofilament fiber, similar to the geographical area. Artificial turf must be cleaned as necessary and periodically maintained to ensure seams and outer edges lay flat, debris is cleaned, weeds are removed, etc.

Submittals must include a sample of the proposed material showing the color and pile height, the proposed location indicated on an official plat, and the dimensions of the artificial turf area. Putting greens with a pile height less than .5 inches may not exceed 30% of the allowed artificial turf area.

Professional installation is required and must include a weed barrier and a properly prepared and leveled aggregate base for drainage. Proper infill, which is not toxic to humans or pets, for residential application must be used. Examples of safe infill for children and pets are silica sand or “Envirofill”. Drainage patterns may not be blocked or altered by the installation of artificial turf. A weed suppressor must be used under seams, and the seams properly secured. If an artificial grass area abuts a native area, it must be separated with a barrier of at least 4 inches of hardscape or a planting area.

3.30. Lights and Lighting

Approval is not required for replacing existing lighting, including coach lights, with the same or similar lighting, color and style as originally installed. All lighting requests must include the lumen rating and the color temperature in the design application. Exterior floodlights, searchlights, spotlights, sodium vapor lights and barnyard lights are prohibited.

Temporary holiday lighting and decorations do not require approval. They must be timer-controlled to turn off at 11 PM and be removed according to the guidelines in 3.25.

Approval is required to modify or add exterior lighting, including permanent lighting under the eaves, subject to the following.

- A. Considerations will include, but may not be limited to, the visibility, style, and location of the fixture.
- B. Any exterior lighting fixtures must be “cutoff” fixtures directed downward to eliminate glare to neighboring properties. Light fixtures attached to the home must use LED warm or soft white bulbs that do not exceed 300 lumens to eliminate glare into adjacent properties. Lightbulbs that do not exceed 300 lumens are most commonly found sold as 15 to 25 watt equivalent bulbs.
- C. Patio string lights must be dimmable, mounted securely to a permanent structure and not cast light into adjacent properties. String lighting must be timer-controlled to turn off at 11 PM.
- D. Ground path lighting must be domed or hooded to illuminate only the walks, drive, etc. with no upward glare. Low-voltage or solar powered ground lighting fixtures which are typically affixed by stakes or similar posts must be maintained in good aesthetic repair, be functional, not present a physical hazard, and remain generally vertical in their presentation.
- E. Landscape lighting must be hooded to only spotlight the intended shrubs, trees, or home with bulbs that do not exceed 400 lumens (comparable to a 35-watt incandescent bulb). If landscape lighting is used to spotlight the home, it must only be located on the front of the home with the glare not surpassing the eaves of the home. Landscape lighting must be properly maintained and not illuminate adjacent properties.
- F. The addition of a front yard light post will be allowed with approval and pursuant to the following:
 - 1. Exterior lights must be conservative in design and be as small in size as is reasonably practical.
 - 2. The light post should match or complement the architecture of the home in design, size, color, and finish along with any existing light fixtures.
 - 3. Light posts shall be located at an appropriate distance from the right-of-way and property line to minimize glare onto neighboring properties and the street and should be integrated into the natural or architectural features of the site.
 - 4. Light or lamp posts shall not be erected higher than 6’ feet from ground level, unless approved by the DRB.
 - 5. All lighting must comply with the lightbulb restrictions for house fixtures, should not be intrusive to neighboring properties and must meet all City or County requirements.
- G. Permanent special lighting (i.e., jellyfish lighting, trim lights, etc.) for holidays, seasonal periods, and/or special occasions must be discreetly mounted below the eaves on the street side of the home and be timer-controlled to turn off at 11 PM. If used for non-colored accent or security lighting, lights must be dimmed to avoid casting a glare into adjacent properties. Permanent lighting must be routinely maintained to replace burned out bulbs.

See the Elements of Solterra: Landscape Design Guidelines, attached hereto as Exhibit C, for additional information.

3.31. Mailboxes

Mail is delivered to group mailboxes and individual mailboxes on Lots are prohibited.

3.32. Ornaments/Art - Landscape/Yard

Artificial plants, lawn ornaments, statues, or similar items are prohibited outside of any structure on a Lot.

3.33. Painting (Plat/Survey is not required for submission)

In general, only those areas that are painted may be repainted, and only those areas that are stained may be re-stained; unpainted and unstained areas (such as brick or stone) shall remain unpainted and unstained.

Revitalization of the stucco body and trim and/or the doors and shutters does not require DRB approval, if the original (pre-faded) paint palette is maintained.

Any change of the colors or color palette must be submitted for approval by the DRB.

- A. Color selections should be submitted in the form of manufacturer's paint chips identified for trim, body, and accent (doors and shutters). Homes must maintain the multiple tone paint schemes, and new colors submitted should preserve this multiple tone scheme. Digital or electronic reproductions of color samples, such as color samples sent via e-mail, will not be accepted.
- B. The Submittal must include color samples, as well as photos of the home in its current state and photos showing the colors of the two (2) houses on either side of the home and the home directly across the street. NOTE: Submittal requires five (5) photos of the neighboring homes and one of the applicant's existing home.

Outlining the garage door panels in a contrasting color or in a checkerboard design is not permitted.

3.34. Patios (Application fee required)

Approval is required. Open patios must be an integral part of the landscape plan and must be located so as not to create an unreasonable level of noise for adjacent property Owners. In some instances, additional plant material around the patio may be required for screening or integration into the landscape design. The patio and materials must be similar or generally accepted as a complementary color and design to the residence.

Patio covers such as pergolas, must be constructed of material consistent with the home and be similar or generally recognized as complementary in color to the colors on the house. Freestanding and roof extension pergolas may be permitted.

See the **Elements of Solterra: Landscape Design Guidelines**, attached hereto as Exhibit C, for further information.

3.35. Paving (Application fee required)

Approval is required, regardless of whether for walks, driveways, patio areas or other purposes, and regardless of whether concrete, asphalt, brick, flagstones, stepping stones, pre-cast patterned, or exposed aggregate concrete pavers are used as the paving material. See Section 3.19, Driveways.

3.36. Pergolas and Gazebos (Application fee required)

Approval is required. A pergola must be an integral part of the landscape plan and must be similar in material and design to the residence. The maximum inside height of the pergola is limited to 8 feet 6 inches. The design must be consistent with the architecture of the home. The color must be generally accepted as a complementary color to the exterior of the residence or stained in a color that is complementary to the color of the exterior of the residence. No pergola may be located within any setbacks established pursuant to regulations of the City of Lakewood.

Gazebos, as depicted in the Appendix A, Garden Structure Definitions, are prohibited.

3.37. Play Structures (Application fee required for permanent structures)

Play Structures include playhouses, basketball hoops, play sets, swing sets, gymnastic equipment, trampolines, and sports equipment. Except for portable or affixed to the house basketball backboards, as set forth in Section 3.10, approval is required for all play structures, trampolines, and sports equipment. Consideration must be given to adjacent properties so as not to create an undue disturbance. All play structures, trampolines and sports equipment must be placed in the rear yard and maintained in a good condition. Play structures must be constructed of weather-resistant material. The use of multi-colored cloth/canvas tarps will not be approved. The height of any play structure or sports equipment may not exceed 10 feet. Additional plant material around the equipment is required for screening to reduce the impact on adjacent homes. An exception to the policy requiring rear yard placement of play structures and sports equipment may be granted for homes without a rear yard and permit the play structures in the side yard.

3.38. Ponds and Water Features (Application fee required)

Approval is required. Considerations by the A/LRC will include, but not be limited to, the following criteria:

- A. Must be integrated into landscape scheme.
- B. Setback shall be a minimum of five (5) feet from all property lines.
- C. Must not affect existing drainage on the lot or off the property.
- D. Must always be maintained.
- E. The maximum height of all fountain/pool elements and their spray is not allowed to be higher than four (4) feet from the ground plane.
- F. Must be a minimum of 5' from the building foundation.

3.39. Pools (Application fee required)

Approval is required. Pools must be placed in the rear yard and be an integral part of the deck or patio area. Effort shall be taken such that pools are located in such a way that they are not immediately visible to adjacent property Owners (i.e. screened with plant material). Above ground pools are prohibited. Notwithstanding the above, one (1) wading pool, if less than eighteen (18) inches high and eight (8) feet in diameter, per Lot, is permitted on a temporary basis without prior approval and may not remain in a front yard when not in use. See Section 3.26 for, Hot Tubs and Jacuzzis.

3.40. Radon Mitigation Systems (Plat/Survey is not required for submission)

Approval is required in order to review aesthetic conditions. The equipment must be painted a color that matches the original house body or trim color. Owners desiring to install a radon

mitigation system must ensure that all equipment will be installed so as to minimize its visibility.

3.41. Railings for Steps, Porches, Decks, Patios and Balconies (Plat/Survey is not required)

Railings are intended to provide guidance on stairs and walkways or to prevent accidental falls from an elevated area. The City of Lakewood stipulates that a 36” railing is required for decks, porches and patios with a height of 30” or greater above grade.

- A. Metal railings on steps, decks, patios, and balconies must comply with the fencing and railing styles in Exhibit B with a single or double horizontal upper rails, a single horizontal lower rail, straight-line vertical pickets, and post caps. Railings must be black, be securely affixed to the surface of the patio or stairs, and made of weather-resistant, preferably aluminum, material. Railings without a lower rail and vertical pickets are not permitted. Brookfield Homes will be granted an exception to maintain the style of the fencing (with the circles at the top) that was installed by the builder.
- B. Railings for wooden decks and steps must comply with the guidelines for decks (see Decks, 3.14 as far as color and materials used. Vertical straight-line pickets may be either wood or weather-resistant black metal, preferably aluminum.

3.42. Retaining Walls (Application fee required)

Approval is required. Front yard retaining walls shall not exceed thirty (30) inches in height. In the side yard, retaining walls up to thirty (30) inches high, with a planted slope above the wall, may be constructed. In no event shall rear yard retaining walls exceed four (4) feet in height unless installed by the Declarant or a Builder. Any retaining walls over thirty (30) inches must be designed by a professional engineer and approved by the City prior to construction.

All retaining walls shall comply with applicable requirements of the City or County and shall not significantly alter the drainage patterns on the lot or adjacent properties. Retaining walls shall be made of natural stone or an approved alternative. Approved alternatives may include faux stone veneer, or an extension of the materials used on the home, such as brick or stucco, if directly connected to the architecture of the home. Preference shall be given to stone indigenous to the surrounding environment (sandstone).

New or old creosote treated timber railroad ties and split faced blocks are prohibited.

3.43. Roofing Materials (Plat/Survey is not required for submission)

Approval is required for all roofing materials other than those originally used by the Declarant or a Builder. All buildings constructed on a Lot should be roofed with the same or greater quality and type of roofing material as originally used by the builder.

Approval is not required for repairs to an existing roof with the same building material that exist on the building.

3.44. Rooftop Equipment (Plat/Survey is not required for submission)

Approval is required. Equipment must be painted a color similar or generally accepted as complimentary to the roofing material of the house. All rooftop equipment shall be installed to minimize its visibility. See Section 3.51 Solar Energy Devices.

3.45. Screening - Latticework, Trellis, or Decorative Metal Panels (Application fee required)

Approval is required for the installation of any type of latticework, trellis, or decorative open metal

panel. Latticework, decorative open metal panels, and trellises must not exceed 6 feet in height and must be adjacent to a hardscape element (i.e., patio, grill, etc.). Screening must have open areas and is not permitted adjacent to a fence. Living plants that use the latticework or trellis for support are required and must be specified in the application. Living plants or bushes adjacent to a decorative metal panel are highly encouraged to soften the appearance and must also be specified in the application. To expedite the approval process, photos of the proposed decorative open metal panels or construction diagrams for latticework and trellises should be submitted in the application. Considerations will include, but not limited to, height, color, and material. Refer to Exhibit A for the definition and photo example.

Solid privacy walls or panels are **only** permitted adjacent to hot tubs and trash enclosures.

3.46. Sewage Disposal Systems/Individual Septic Systems

Individual sewage disposal systems/septic systems are prohibited.

3.47. Shutters – Exterior (Plat/Survey is not required for submission)

Approval is required. Shutters should be appropriate for the architectural style of the home and be of the appropriate proportion to the windows they frame. Shutters shall have ample dimension. The maximum shutter dimension shall be two feet three inches (2'-3") wide.

3.48. Siding

Vinyl siding is prohibited. Any replacement of structural materials requires approval by the DRB.

3.49. Signs

Signs may be placed within the lot or in windows, but signs may not be placed on fences bordering common (FRMD) areas. The maximum size per sign is six (6) square feet and only 24 total square feet of signs are allowed per property. Thus, if each sign is 2 feet x 3 feet (6 sq ft), only 4 are allowed per property.

Signs shall be placed at least 2 feet from sidewalks and outside of the public right-of-way, sight triangles, and easements. Every sign shall be maintained in good condition at all times. Signs may not be electronic, illuminated, or displayed for more than 180 days.

Commercial signs may only be placed in the front yard while the activity or service is being performed. This applies to any commercial business such as realtors, painting, landscaping, construction, etc.

Celebration signs or banners may be placed in the front of the property with a suggested time from one week prior to one week after the event.

3.50. Skylights (Plat/Survey is not required for submission)

Approval is required. Skylight glazing must be clear, solar bronze, or white. Bubble type skylights are prohibited.

3.51. Solar Energy Devices (Plat/Survey is not required for submission)

Approval is required in order to review aesthetic conditions. All solar energy collector panels or attendant hardware shall be constructed or installed as an integral and harmonious part of the architectural design of the structure. Photovoltaic (PV) Solar panels must lay flat on the roof, meet all applicable safety, building codes and electrical requirements, including solar panels for thermal systems (solar water heaters).

The ALRC/DRB requests the following features/conditions as long as the cost increase is no more than 10%:

- Solar panel trim should be dark colored and complement the roof color and the edges of the panels must be of a color compatible with the roof color.
- Screens between the solar panels and the roof are highly recommended to prevent nesting of birds and animals.
- Conduits and wires must, to the extent possible, following the eaves, direction of the siding, gutters, etc., and be painted to match the roof, siding or other material to which the conduit or wire is attached.
- Panels shall be installed to be low profile.

3.52. Temporary Structures

Temporary structures are prohibited. No structure of a temporary character, including, but not limited to, barns, storage sheds, tents, shacks, mobile homes or other accessory building or any other structure of a temporary nature shall be placed or erected upon any Lot, except as allowed by the Design Guidelines and approved by the DRB. However, during the actual construction, alteration, repair or remodeling of a structure or other Improvements, necessary temporary structures for storage of materials or waste may be erected and maintained by the person doing such work. The work of constructing, altering, or remodeling any structure or other Improvements shall be diligently pursued from the commencement thereof until the completion.

3.53. Trash Enclosures

Trash enclosures must be approved and integrated into the architectural design of the home. The enclosure must be constructed of wood, stucco, or stone veneer. Stucco or wood trash enclosures must be painted to match the exterior walls or trim on the house. The enclosure must be located adjacent to either the rear or side of the house. The enclosure must have one side being a wall of the owner's home. The other sides (1, 2 or 3) must screen the trash cans from public view. The enclosure may not extend past the front wall of the house and should be set back a minimum of 3 feet from the front wall. The maximum size of a trash enclosure is limited to 4 feet by 7 feet for inside dimensions and no more than 4 feet in height. Homes are only permitted to have one trash enclosure.

3.54. Tree Houses

Tree houses are prohibited.

3.55. Tree Lawns

Owners are responsible for the maintenance of all landscaping on the Owner's Lot. Owners are also responsible for the maintenance of the street/tree lawn area (the area between the sidewalk and street), even if such area is within a public right-of-way. Owners are not permitted to alter or change plant material (grass & trees) installed by the Builder or the Declarant in street/tree lawn area. Replacement of dead trees with a different tree requires approval from the DRB and City of Lakewood.

Approval is not required to replace dead trees in the street/tree lawn area with like species of similar size.

3.56. Utility Equipment (Application fee required)

Approval is required for installation of utilities or utility equipment, including but not limited to all exterior pipes, conduits, and equipment. Utility facilities must be kept and maintained, to the extent reasonably possible, underground or within an enclosed structure. Adequate screening may also be required.

3.57. Wind Electric Generators (Application fee required)

Approval is required. In addition to DRB approval, windmills and any other type of fixture, which fall under the criteria of a wind generator, or are used to generate power etc., must meet the requirement of the C.R.S. 40-2-124 and any regulations of the Colorado Public Utilities Commission.

3.58. Window Boxes (Plat/Survey is not required for submission)

Approval is required. New window box details must include location, size, and color.

3.59. Window Replacement (Plat/Survey is not required for submission)

Approval is not required if replacing windows with windows matching the existing windows in style, material, size, and color. Window replacement that includes modification from the existing window style, material, size, color, or character requires approval from the DRB.

3.60. Windows: Tinting, Security Bars and Well Covers (Plat/Survey is not required)

Approval is not required for window well covers that are manufactured with metal or acrylic glass. All others will require DRB approval.

Highly reflective and/or dark window tinting is not permitted.

No “burglar bars,” steel or wrought iron bars or similar fixtures, whether designed for decorative, security or other purposes, shall be installed on the exterior of any windows of any building.

EXHIBITS

- Exhibit A Garden Structure Definitions**
- Exhibit B Fence & Railing Guidelines**
- Exhibit C Elements of Solterra - Landscape Design Guidelines**
- Exhibit D Landscape Drawing Requirements**
- Exhibit E Requirements for Landscaping**
- Exhibit F Solterra Landscape Plan Design Examples**

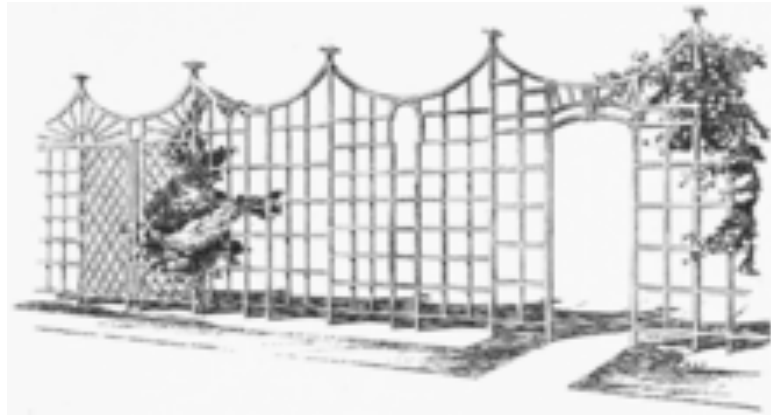
EXHIBIT A - Garden Structure Definitions

Garden Structure Definitions

These definitions are to guide the homeowner when describing garden structures. They are used by the A/LRC and DRB in considering each application.

Trellis or Latticework

A trellis (treillage) is an architectural structure, usually made from an open framework or lattice of interwoven or intersecting pieces of wood, bamboo or metal that is normally made to support and display climbing plants, especially shrubs.



Pergola

A pergola is an outdoor garden feature forming a shaded walkway, passageway, or patio area of vertical posts or pillars that usually support cross-beams and a sturdy open lattice, often upon which woody vines are trained.^[1] The origin of the word is the Late Latin *pergula*, referring to a projecting eave. A pergola may also be an extension of a building, serve as protection for an open terrace or a link between structures.



EXHIBIT A - Garden Structure Definitions

Arbor

An arbor is generally regarded as a wooden arch, sometimes with a bench seat, usually enclosed by lattice panels forming a framework for climbing plants.



Gazebo (Prohibited In Solterra)

A gazebo is a pavilion structure, sometimes octagonal or turret-shaped, often built in a park, garden or spacious public area. Gazebos are freestanding or attached to a garden wall, roofed, and open on all sides. They provide shade, shelter, ornamental features in a landscape, and a place to rest. Some gazebos in public parks are large enough to serve as bandstands or rain shelters.



EXHIBIT B - Fence & Railing Guidelines

Fence & Railing Guidelines

Solterra Approved Styles

Fences

TYPICALLY FENCES ARE 4 - 5 FEET IN HEIGHT. THE MAXIMUM PERMITTED HEIGHT IS 6 FT.

MONTAGE PLUS

CLASSIC STYLE



This through picket style with a pressed spear adorning the top provides the classic look, by which it gets its name. Classic is one of the most popular styles, timeless in its design. The Design Review Board approves the Classic 3 rail, with the standard bottom rail.

GENESIS STYLE



Genesis is a squared top, through picket style, which provides a traditional look of wrought iron fences. For a more customized look, Genesis is the perfect choice as decorative finials, rings and butterfly scrolls can be added. The Design Review Board approves the Genesis 3 rail, with the standard bottom rail.

EXHIBIT B - Fence & Railing Guidelines

Fence & Railing Guidelines

Solterra Approved Styles

Railings

TYPICALLY, RAILINGS ARE 36 INCHES IN HEIGHT ON LEVEL SURFACES.

The following are styles that are typical and acceptable within Solterra.

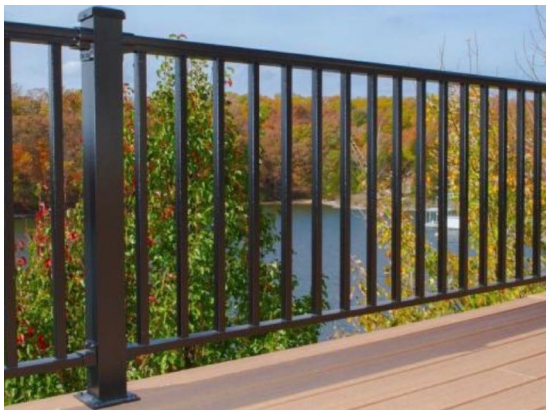


EXHIBIT C - Elements of Solterra

The Elements of Solterra - Landscape Design Guidelines

European Hill town

Solterra is located against the backdrop of bountiful views of the foothills, Red Rocks Park and protected open space. The European hilltown architecture of Solterra has a strong theme that will be reinforced through landscaping and outdoor spaces.

The historic landscapes of European hilltown communities are well known and loved throughout the world. These are communities where nature and culture meet on amicable terms and are very interconnected.

In this environment, the architecture and landscaping are married to the topography of the hillsides. Bringing the 'outdoors in' is a recurrent theme in hilltown communities. Views from windows are framed to look out into a courtyard filled with large potted plants or a pergola dripping with grape vines.

Although the landscaping offers aesthetic sensibilities, it is also very practical. Vegetable, herb and flower gardens are prevalent. Plants are used in masses to soften architecture and to delineate spaces. Wrought iron gates and fencing, stone steps and inviting paths provide access to gardens and outdoor retreats.

The use of natural materials such as stone and wooden beamed patio structures will connect the architecture to the land. The correct selection of plants, hardscape materials and patio treatments will complement the individual home and reinforce the overall community theme.

Landscaping of the individual lots in Solterra should reinforce the landscape design of the public spaces. Wrought iron fencing, cast stone pillars, stone retaining walls, plant massing with seasonal color and texture are the predominate elements of design.

Paths, Steps, and Walls

Stone is an important thematic element at Solterra. Stone walls create elevation change adding interest and character to the landscape.

Specimen boulders can be used as focal points. It is best to bury 1/4 to 1/2 of the stone to give the appearance that the stone has always been there. Odd numbers and different shapes are best if using boulders in groups.

Stone walls are ideal for terracing, retaining, defining planting beds and turf areas. All retaining walls, cheek walls, dry stack walls shall be made of natural stone and/or an approved alternative. Approved alternatives may include a faux stone veneer or could be an extension of the materials used on the home such as brick or stucco, if directly connected to the architecture of the home. Preference shall be given to stone indigenous to the surrounding environment (sandstone).

Wall stone can come in a variety of forms and colors. It can be angular or rounded, cut for veneer applications, or strip, which is often used for dry stack. It is highly recommended that stone walls be installed by a skilled stone mason to avoid a disorganized appearance. Any retaining walls over 30" must be designed by a professional engineer and approved by the City of Lakewood engineer prior to construction.

All walls shall be outside of all easements, rights-of-way, sight line triangles at intersections and placed a minimum of two feet past the back of a public walk. Each retaining wall shall be separated by a minimum horizontal distance that is equal to the height of the tallest wall. All terraces between walls shall be landscaped.

EXHIBIT C - Elements of Solterra

All wall stone must be approved by the DRB prior to installation.

Steps highlight topographical changes. The tread and riser should complement the abutting wall. Attractive stone steps may consist of flagstone slabs for the tread portion and strip stone for the riser.

Consider discrete stone paths, planted with ground covers, to the backyard or through gardens. A wide expanse of concrete or gravel is unacceptable.

Patios, Courtyards, and Outdoor Spaces

Outdoor living and dining al fresco are predominate in European Hilltown Communities and is conducive to Colorado's climate. Well-designed spaces that echo the architectural style of the home add a functional and alluring element to outdoor living.

The use of pergolas or arbors for outdoor spaces is encouraged and central to European Hilltown Architecture. Pergolas are shaded walkways, passageways or sitting areas of support columns that that usually support cross-beams and a sturdy open lattice work. Arbors are shaded places for sitting. Both are often covered with vines and can be free standing or connected to the home.

Solid roofs can be used if the materials are extensions of the home's architecture. Support columns and beams for pergolas and arbors should appear substantial and scaled to the architecture.

Pavers, stone or lawn on the ground plane for patios, arbors or courtyards are preferred materials over concrete or decking.

Break up large expanses of hardscape with specimen plantings, old world artifacts such as, antique garden planters, stone slab benches or water features used as focal points.

Fences, Gates, and Pillars

Fences or walls internal to the property must be an extension of the architecture and enclose a minimal area appropriate to the intended use.

All fencing shall be wrought iron or an approved alternate, with a 6' maximum height.

Stone pillars at appropriate frequency and scale are desirable to break up long runs of fencing. Pillars should be used at gates, fence and wall corners and as accents to support lights and planters.

Living fences such as hedges or raised planters are also desirable and typical to a hilltown theme. Non-living fencing will be allowed only adjacent to hot tubs.

Streetscape and Entryways

A smooth transition to adjacent properties is paramount to the continuity of the community and the streetscape. Front yard plantings should frame the house, the entryway and control views of side yards between homes. The scale of planting, relative to the house and neighboring architecture must be considered. Plant massing is essential to soften architecture and elements such as garages, front entry walks and foundations. Layering of plants using plants of varying sizes, color and texture creates visual depth and interest.

Lot edges in the front of the home should transition smoothly with adjacent lots without emphasizing property lines. A cohesive, well-coordinated relationship between neighboring lots is essential whether it consists of planting beds or turf. Outdoor living spaces, retaining walls and berms should gracefully extended from the architecture in both form and materials.

EXHIBIT C - Elements of Solterra

The developer shall provide street trees along local streets. Homeowners shall maintain all trees and landscaping from the back of curb to the rear lot line.

Consider the use of large Old World looking pots for additional color and interest. Window boxes for displays of annual color can be a strong thematic element enhancing the architecture of the home.

Irrigation

All landscapes shall be watered with an automatic underground irrigation system. Plants should be zoned (grouped) in areas with similar water requirements and irrigated appropriately. Lawn areas (high water use) should be minimized and on a separate zone from shrubs or perennials. Each zone shall have plant materials with similar water requirements. Avoid overspray onto impermeable areas.



Consider the use of subsurface drip irrigation for turf areas and planting beds where possible. Subsurface irrigation is installed 4" underground and delivers water slowly to plant root zones. The water radiates outward from its source point, creating an overlapping wetting pattern beneath the ground. This technology, if installed and maintained correctly, decreases water use in the landscape.

Property owners shall comply with the City of Lakewood's irrigation schedule and regulations.

Soil Preparation, Planting Beds, Mulches

For proper plant growth, Colorado soils need amending with organic material. A minimum of four cubic yards of organic material shall be added to topsoil per 1000 square feet of planting area. Organic material shall be aged compost; wood humus from soft, non-toxic trees; and/or sphagnum peat moss (excluding that of Colorado origin). Proper amendments will improve drainage and, as a result, conserve water. Plants will flourish and live longer, healthier lives. A soil analysis should be performed prior to planting for proper micronutrient recommendations.

Planting beds are essential to good design and shall be densely planted. Beds must be contiguous to the architecture and not positioned in lawn areas with no apparent relationship to the home. Use plants to create depth, interest and to screen foundations and outside utilities. Piping downspouts by extending them underground to a low point in the yard is not recommended.

Mulching planting beds is necessary in Colorado to conserve moisture and to discourage weeds. Permeable areas, other than turf areas, should have a minimum of 3" of mulch, and should be rock or organic mulch meeting the following criteria:

- Shredded, fibrous material capable of "knitting" together to form a mat that is wind and erosion resistant. Generally, the shredded mulch or peelings are 3" in length on average. Examples include shredded cedar mulch, shredded redwood mulch, or pole peelings.
- Bark and wood chip mulches are not allowed. Weed barrier is not required. If used, plastic weed barrier is not permitted. Except for drainage areas, only 1 ½" brown, tan, or gray river rock or 1 ½" brown, tan, or gray rock will be an acceptable rock mulch. Mulches with artificial coloring will not be allowed.

Plant Massing and Layering

A variety of interesting and colorful plants are adaptable to Colorado's arid climate. Unfortunately, a common misinterpretation of 'xeriscape' or water conserving landscapes consists of excessive amounts of inert ground-cover with sparse plantings. To avoid this look and to create a strong contiguous

EXHIBIT C - Elements of Solterra



theme, the repetition of preferred plants and high-density plantings will be essential. Massing involves the use of many plants closely planted, eventually eliminating views of the ground plane. The layering of plants not only creates a transition from one space to another but also provides a variety of seasonal interest, color and depth to the landscape. For instance, using taller shrubs in the background, shorter shrubs in the middle ground and perennials in the foreground is a method of successful layering.



The pictures on this page portray the intended plant theme with a more complete description of individual varieties in Appendix A:

- Vines on exterior walls and garden structures
- Shrub Roses for bursts of color in the warmer months
- Serviceberry as the predominate ornamental tree/large shrub
- Ornamental Grasses to provide accents for year around

interest

- Narrow Vertical Trees reinforcing European hilltown themes
- Hedges for screening and privacy
- Turf Grass for streetscape continuity, blending property lines and high use areas - maximum turf area of 45% excluding area between sidewalk and curb
- Massing of perennials for seasonal color

Edging and Drainage Swales

The separation of planting beds from lawn areas requires edging. The most interesting way to define separation is to construct a grade change with small retaining walls. Trench edging (to a depth of 6" and filled with mulch) is also effective. Poly board or wood composite edging is also effective if flush with the grade

Using cobblestone rounds for drainage swales is an effective method of directing drainage. Only 4" to 6" natural cobblestone shall be used for drainage areas. Appropriate plant massing within the swales will soften the harsh appearance of rock. Swales often offer an opportunity to use plants requiring more water if the swales retain moisture.

Exterior Lighting

Exterior lighting is encouraged to illuminate landscaping, walks and streets with ambient light. Lighting should be minimal and subdued. Low voltage lighting is required. Eye-mounted security lighting is prohibited.

Up-lighting trees and small areas of the architectural façade can add interest and improve security concerns. Path lighting should be minimal to avoid a 'runway' effect. Entry or doorway lighting should not be intrusive to neighboring properties.

The use of European style lantern fixtures with low lumen bulbs (1000 lumens or less) are recommended

EXHIBIT C - Elements of Solterra

Extraneous Structures and Utilities

Consideration of street and neighboring views is essential when planning for extraneous structures or utilities in the landscape.

- Service areas shall be screened and integrated into the architectural design. Freestanding accessory buildings will not be allowed.
- Dog runs and houses must be approved by the DRB as to location, screening and proximity to adjacent neighbors. Invisible dog fences are preferred over dog runs.
- Hot tubs should be fully screened from adjacent properties. Non-living fencing up to 6' in height may be approved by the DRB, if it is clearly for the purpose of screening hot tubs and if it is well integrated into the overall design of the landscape.
- Play equipment and trampolines must be approved by the DRB. Placement of play equipment and trampolines shall be shown on the plans. All such equipment shall be placed to the rear of the lot and not be obtrusive to neighboring homes.
- Swimming pools shall comply with all applicable code requirements for safety and construction. No above ground pools are allowed.
- Utilities and air conditioning equipment installed in the side yard shall be screened so as not to be visible from neighboring or street views.

EXHIBIT C - Elements of Solterra

Appendix A

Thematic Plants

All Landscape Plans must incorporate some or most of these theme plants.

The listed plants are not inclusive of all plants that can be selected; however, their use is highly recommended. Since Solterra is located on south and west facing slopes, large deciduous and evergreen trees may be used for shade and winter protection, but community views will be considered by the DRB during plan review.

Vines

Vines offer vertical interest to architecture and shade for outdoor spaces. In general, sun-loving vines have bursts of color while most shade-loving vines do not bloom.

- Clematis (many varieties and colors) – sun, good companion for climbing roses
- English Ivy – self-clinging vine, great for shady exposures, evergreen
- Boston Ivy – self-clinging vine, vibrant red fall color
- Wisteria – violet blue, plume like clusters
- Trumpet Vine – orange trumpet shaped flowers
- Climbing Roses – Blaze (red), Don Juan (red), William Baffin (pink)

Shrub Roses

Shrub roses are tough, low maintenance plants that provide weeks of color. They can be used as specimens especially if intermingled with perennials, planted in masses or used as informal hedges. Many varieties exist, with new ones coming on the market every year. Some of the favorite long blooming varieties include:

- Carefree Delight – 3', pink
- Carefree Sunshine – 3', yellow
- Adelaide Hoodless – 5', red
- Golden Wings – 5', yellow
- Knock-out – 3', red or pink
- Meidiland Varieties – 2'-4', various colors
- Sea Foam – 3', white

Serviceberries

Serviceberries range from 6' – 15' depending on the variety. They are most commonly found in multi-stemmed clumps. They offer white blooms in the spring, leaves and berries loved by birds in the summer, great fall color and nice winter structure. The hybrids (Regent, Autumn Brilliance, Robin Hill) are better looking than the native varieties

Ornamental Grasses

Ornamental grasses add year around interest. They generally produce interesting seed heads and if left uncut until early spring, can look quite striking in the winter. Grasses are often selected based on height, fall color and overall effect. Most grasses are more effective if planted in masses or drifts

- Big Blue Stem – 4-6', great fall color
- 'Karl Foerster' Feather Reed Grass – 4-5', very upright
- Blue Avena Grass – 2'-3', bluish blades with arching form

EXHIBIT C - Elements of Solterra

- Miscanthus Grass (varieties) – several varieties with different attributes, most are 4’ – 6’
- ‘Hameln’ Pennisetum Grass – 1’-2’, dense mounded tuft with buff colored seed head.
- Switchgrass (varieties) – 3’-4’, most varieties are upright clumps with panicles of airy seed heads.

Narrow Trees

Narrow trees are commonly used in hilltown communities. The following are adaptable to Colorado’s climate:

- Carpinus Betulus Fatigiata (Pyramidal European Hornbeam) – 30’ ht, 15’ spread
- Quercus ‘Crimson Spire’ (Columnar Oak) – 50’ ht, 15’-20’ spread
- Abies Concolor (White Fir) – 40’-60’ ht, 25’ spread, evergreen
- Juniperus ‘Skyrocket’ (Skyrocket Juniper) – 15’-20’ ht, 3’ spread, evergreen

Hedges

Hedges can be used to define outdoor spaces or to screen undesirable views.

- Ligustrum Lodense (Lodense Privet) – 3’ ht, 3’ spread, dense, semi-evergreen
- Syringa Meyeri (Dwarf Korean Lilac) – 5’ ht, 5’ spread, prolific spring bloomer
- Euonymus Alata ‘Compacta’ (Dwarf Burning Bush) – 5’ ht, 4’ spread, intense red fall color
- Peking Cotoneaster – 10’ ht, 4’ spread, upright, fall color
- Rhamnus frangula (Columnar Buckthorn) – 10’ ht, 3’ spread, plant closely for hedge effect
- Shrub Roses (listed above)

Perennials and Groundcovers

Many perennials and groundcovers are hardy in Colorado. The following list represents a few that offer long bloom periods and a good mix of spring, summer, and fall color. Perennials have more impact when planted in large groups using several of each variety and several varieties for constant seasonal color.

- Achillea ‘Coronation Gold’ – yellow, spring-summer
- Agastache – many varieties and colors, summer-fall
- Aster – many varieties and colors, summer-fall
- Centranthus – many varieties, red or white, summer
- Coreopsis – many varieties, mostly yellow, summer
- Diascia ‘Coral Canyon’ – pink, spring-summer
- Echinacea – several varieties, lavender or white, summer
- Gaura – several varieties – good companion plant for shrub roses, summer
- Lamium – great groundcover for shade
- Lavender – many varieties, good companion plant for shrub roses
- Penstemon – many varieties and colors, spring-summer
- Rudbeckia ‘Goldsturm’ – yellow, summer- fall
- Salvia – many varieties and colors, summer
- Thyme & Veronica – many varieties and color, great groundcover for stepping stone paths

EXHIBIT D - Landscape Drawing Requirements

Landscape Drawing Requirements

Owners are required to submit drawings/plans and specifications showing the nature, kind, shape, color, size, materials and location, as applicable, of all proposed Improvements, alterations or removals of Improvements for review and approval or disapproval prior to the commencement of construction, alteration or removal. Whether done by the Owner, or professionally, the following guidelines should be followed in preparing plans and specifications:

The drawing or plan should be done to scale and shall depict the property lines of the Lot and the outside boundary lines of the home as located on the Lot.

Additional Information Required for the Drawings or Plans

1. Hardscape layout with proposed materials including pavements, walls, fences, planters, water features and extraneous structures. Patios, decks, pergolas and walls must include the height and dimensions, and proposed materials and colors, etc. Pictures and additional product information are helpful in clarifying the submittal for approval.
2. All wood-built structures, including but not limited to, a trellis, deck, or pergola, will require wood species and stain color information for approval.
3. Show the street trees and plantings provided by the builder. The homeowner is responsible for installing and maintaining the landscape from the back of the curb to the rear property line.
4. Drainage directional arrows.
5. Rock mulch type and locations: 1 ½" brown, tan, or gray river rock or 1 ½" brown, tan, or gray rock is the approved rock mulch, with up to 4" to 6" natural cobblestone allowed in drainage areas.
6. Wood mulch type and location. Shredded fibrous cedar mulch is the approved wood mulch; colored mulch or bark is not acceptable.
7. The list of all plants, quantities, species, and sizes for all plantings needs to be shown on the plan; a separate narrative will not suffice. The minimum sizes are:
 - large deciduous trees -2" caliper,
 - ornamental trees -1 1/2" caliper,
 - clump deciduous trees -8'-10',
 - evergreen trees -6'
 - container shrubs. #5
8. Proposed irrigation methods and locations must be noted on the plan, as all plant material is to be watered by an underground irrigation system.
9. City-required rain sensor location.
10. Exterior landscape low voltage lighting layout, if applicable.
11. Adjacent lot landscaping slightly beyond property lines, if any. Lot edges should transition smoothly between properties.

EXHIBIT E - Requirements for Landscaping

Requirements for Landscaping

The City of Lakewood and the Solterra ODP's have requirements for all landscaping within Solterra. Specifically the plans must conform to the approved irrigation and landscape requirements of the Springfield Green Official Development Plan (ODP) Modification No.4 or the Solterra West ODP. The particular requirements may supersede the latest Lakewood Zoning Ordinances.

All landscapers are required to obtain a no cost public way permit prior to commencing work. A traffic control plan will be required if work is conducted within the right-of-way. A landscaper does not need contractor registration, but must carry proof of insurance. A \$500 collateral will be required with the public way permit. The collateral money will be returned upon inspection of the right-of-way if no damage has occurred.

Separate permits are required for fences, back flow devices, retaining walls or other structures over 30" in height.

The following are general items that must be included within the plans.

- Provide setbacks to any new structures such as: seating walls, retaining walls, outdoor fireplaces, etc.
- Provide retaining wall heights. All retaining walls must be setback from the property line a minimum distance of the wall height.
- Street tree species, size, quantity and location for each property are determined by the appropriate approved Solterra Filing Site Plan for the lot. The trees on the tree lawn area are provided by the builder/developer and the homeowner is responsible for maintenance..
- Use of indigenous and xeric species is encouraged. A selection of suggested plant species are listed in EXHIBIT C - Elements of Solterra, Appendix A.
- Drainage flows must be maintained and shown per the approved drainage plans (shown on the plat).

The following items must be listed as notes on the plans.

- A minimum of six (6) inches of topsoil shall be provided in all planting areas.
- A minimum of four (4) cubic yards of organic material shall be added to topsoil per 1,000 square feet of planting areas. Organic material shall be aged compost; wood humus from soft, non-toxic trees; sphagnum peat moss (excluding that of Colorado origin); or aged manure.
- Organic material shall be tilled to a minimum depth of eight (8) inches.
- In areas that will receive sod, superphosphate (0/46/0 mix) shall be added at the rate of 15 pounds per 1,000 square feet, evenly spread, after organic matter is tilled in prior to sod placement. Superphosphate shall be raked into the top one inch of topsoil.
- Planted areas shall have automatic irrigation that includes: matched precipitation rate heads; Bubblers, drip and /or spray heads shall not be combined within any zone.
- All irrigation systems shall include moisture sensors that automatically interrupt irrigation cycles when irrigation is unnecessary.
- Planting areas with irrigation systems that spray above-ground shall be of adequate width to ensure no over spray onto impermeable areas. Irrigation heads shall minimize evaporation loss, wind-blown water loss and overspray onto impermeable surfaces.
- All downspouts must daylight with a positive flow. Underground downspout extensions with or

EXHIBIT E - Requirements for Landscaping

without pop-ups are not recommended due to the potential of underground systems freezing in the winter that may cause system failure.

- Plan species shall vary and include deciduous and coniferous trees and shrubs.
- A maximum of 45% of the permeable surface of the lot may be covered by turf and the minimum turf width is 8 feet. A minimum of 50% of the permeable surface area needs to be living ground cover. The tree lawn area is excluded from the permeable area of the lot, as it is required to have natural turf.
- Permeable areas, other than turf areas, shall have a minimum of three (3) inches of mulch. Mulch shall be rock or organic meeting the following criteria: Shredded, fibrous material capable of “knitting” together to form a mat that is wind and erosion resistant. Generally the shredded mulch or peelings are at least 3 inches in length on average.

Exhibit F

Solterra Landscape Plan Design Examples

Note: These drawings are shown as examples of the type of drawings and information needed. Some required information may be missing from these examples.

Typical Plat Drawing

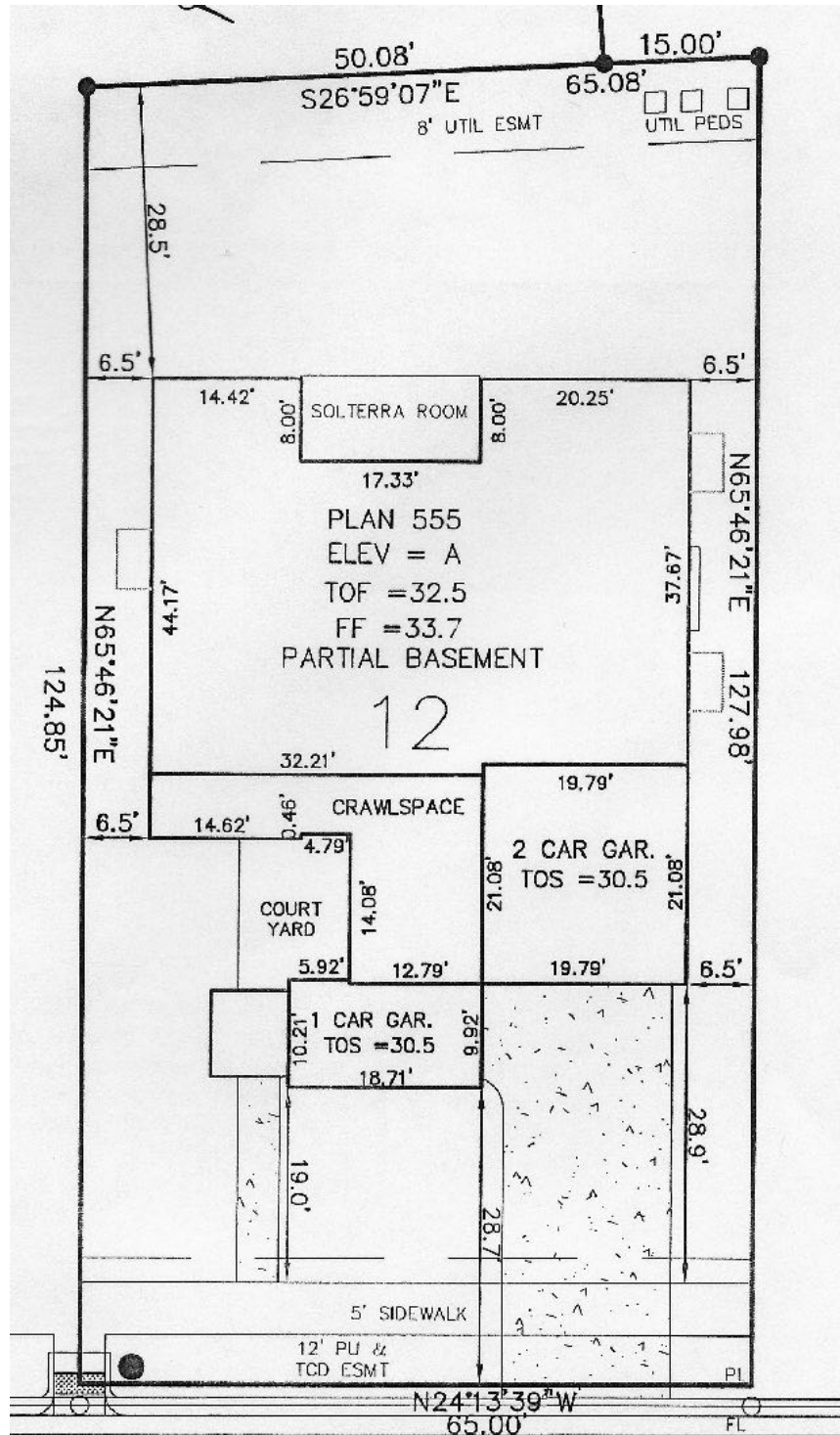


Exhibit F

Landscape Plan 1

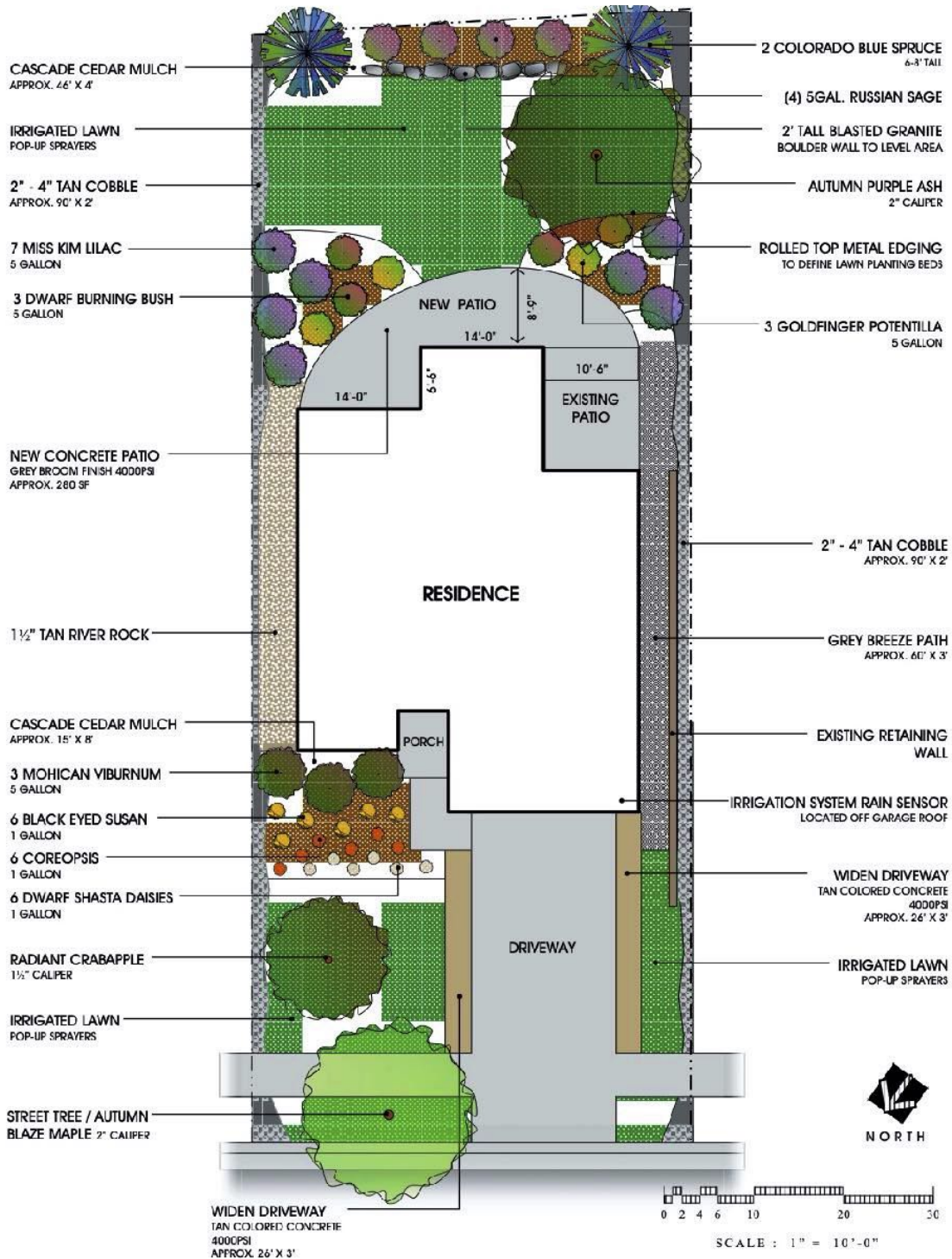


Exhibit F

Landscape Plan 2



Exhibit F

Landscape Plan 3

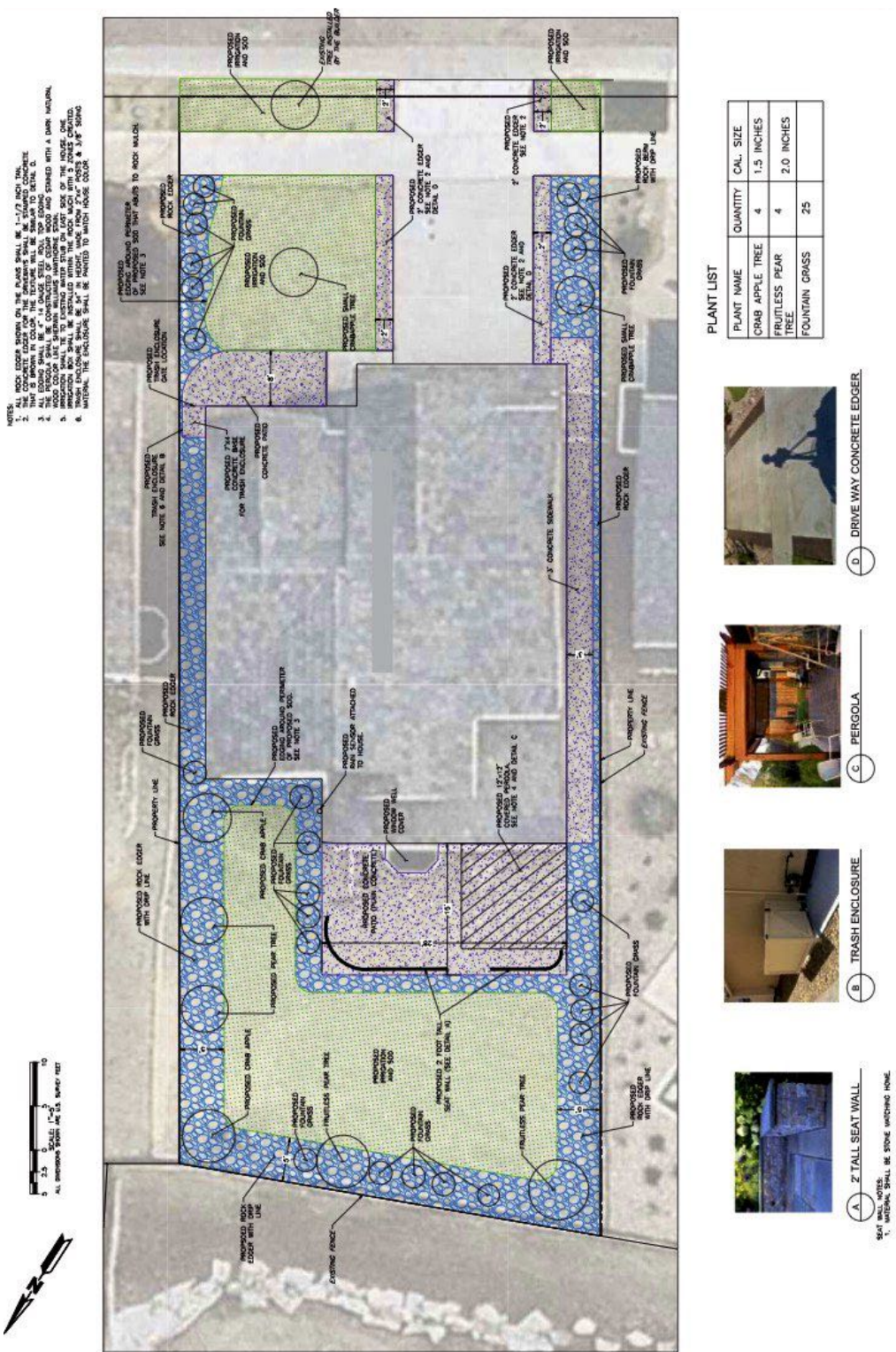


Exhibit F

Landscape Plan 4

Planter & A/C Screen

SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"

Kitchen and Planter Detail

SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

Planting Schedule

NO.	PLANT	QTY	SIZE	NOTES
1	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
2	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
3	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
4	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
5	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
6	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
7	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
8	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
9	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
10	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
11	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
12	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
13	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
14	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
15	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
16	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
17	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
18	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
19	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
20	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
21	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
22	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
23	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
24	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
25	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE

Planting Schedule Legend:
 (Symbol) PLANTING MIXTURE
 (Symbol) PLANTING MIXTURE
 (Symbol) PLANTING MIXTURE

Notes:
 1. ALL PLANTING MIXTURE SHALL BE PLANTING MIXTURE AS SPECIFIED IN THE SCHEDULE.
 2. ALL PLANTING MIXTURE SHALL BE PLANTING MIXTURE AS SPECIFIED IN THE SCHEDULE.
 3. ALL PLANTING MIXTURE SHALL BE PLANTING MIXTURE AS SPECIFIED IN THE SCHEDULE.

Planting Schedule Table:

NO.	PLANT	QTY	SIZE	NOTES
1	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
2	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
3	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
4	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
5	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
6	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
7	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
8	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
9	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
10	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
11	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
12	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
13	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
14	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
15	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
16	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
17	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
18	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
19	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
20	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
21	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
22	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
23	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
24	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE
25	PLANTING MIXTURE	1	24" DIA.	1/2" PLANTING MIXTURE

Planting Schedule Legend:
 (Symbol) PLANTING MIXTURE
 (Symbol) PLANTING MIXTURE
 (Symbol) PLANTING MIXTURE

Notes:
 1. ALL PLANTING MIXTURE SHALL BE PLANTING MIXTURE AS SPECIFIED IN THE SCHEDULE.
 2. ALL PLANTING MIXTURE SHALL BE PLANTING MIXTURE AS SPECIFIED IN THE SCHEDULE.
 3. ALL PLANTING MIXTURE SHALL BE PLANTING MIXTURE AS SPECIFIED IN THE SCHEDULE.

Exhibit F

Landscape Plan 5



Landscape Concepts for Residential Building Lots